

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)



SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : VALVE & INJECTOR CLEANER GASOLINE

Product code : 75801

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Additive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : MOTUL

Address : 119, Boulevard Felix Faure. 93300 AUBERVILLIERS CEDEX FRANCE

Telephone : 33.1.48.11.70.00. Fax: 33.1.48.33.28.79. Telex: .

Email : motul_hse@motul.fr

1.4. Emergency telephone number : +44 (0) 1235 239 670.

Association/Organisation : ORFILA.

Other emergency numbers

BRAZIL : +55 11 3197 5891 / COLOMBIA : +57 601 508 7337 / ARGENTINA : +54 11 5984 3690 / CHILE : +562 2582 9336

Ireland : +353 1 8092566

UNITED STATES: 001 866 928 0789 / CANADA: 001 800 579 7421 / MEXICO : +52 55 5004 8763 / MIDDLE EAST - AFRICA : +44 1235 239671

24 hours a day, 7 days a week

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 3 (Flam. Liq. 3, H226).

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking (EUH066).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2 (STOT RE 2, H373).

Aspiration hazard, Category 1 (Asp. Tox. 1, H304).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 2 (Aquatic Chronic 2, H411).

2.2. Label elements

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS09



GHS08



GHS02



GHS07

Signal Word :

DANGER

Product identifiers :

EC 920-134-1

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

EC 919-857-5

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS

EC 215-535-7

XYLENE

EC 202-849-4

ETHYLBENZENE

Hazard statements :

H226

Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315

Causes skin irritation.

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

H336

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (if inhaled).

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Precautionary statements - General :
P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
Precautionary statements - Prevention :
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260 Do not breathe vapours
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Precautionary statements - Response :
P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P391 Collect spillage.
Precautionary statements - Storage :
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.
Precautionary statements - Disposal :
P501 Dispose of contents / container according to prefectural ordinances.



2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) $\geq 0.1\%$ published by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 59 of REACH: <http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table>
The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.
The mixture does not contain substances $\geq 0.1\%$ with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures



Composition :

Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
EC: 920-134-1 REACH: 01-2119480153-44 HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS	GHS09, GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066		25 $\leq$ x % < 50
CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 919-857-5 REACH: 01-2119463258-33 HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066		25 $\leq$ x % < 50
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 XYLENE	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373	[i]	10 $\leq$ x % < 25
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 ETHYLBENZENE	GHS07, GHS08, GHS02 Dgr Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[i]	2.5 $\leq$ x % < 10

	STOT RE 2, H373		
CAS: 64742-94-5 EC: 265-198-5 REACH: 01-2119463588-24 SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HEAVY AROM.	GHS09, GHS07, GHS08 Dgr Asp. Tox. 1, H304 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		0 <= x % < 2.5
CAS: 64742-47-8 EC: 265-149-8 DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT	GHS08 Dgr Asp. Tox. 1, H304		0 <= x % < 2.5

Specific concentration limits:

Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 XYLENE		inhalation: ATE = 11 mg/l 4h (vapours) dermal: ATE = 1100 mg/kg BW
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 ETHYLBENZENE		inhalation: ATE = 17.2 mg/l 4h (vapours) dermal: ATE = 15400 mg/kg BW oral: ATE = 3500 mg/kg BW

Information on ingredients :

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[i] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. description of first aid measures**In the event of exposure by inhalation :**

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

Remove the victim to fresh air. If the symptoms persist, call a physician.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

Wash immediately and abundantly with water, including under the eyelids.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

Immediately remove all soiled clothing.

Wash immediately and abundantly with soap and water.

In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, do not allow to drink, do not induce vomiting and transfer to hospital immediately by ambulance. Show the label to the doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Dry agent, foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

High volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

Spilled product may make surfaces slippery.

For non first aid worker

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.



7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

No special precaution apart from the observance of hygiene rules



Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Never inhale this mixture.

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.

The mixture can become electrostatically charged: always ground when decanting. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and make floors of non-conductive

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.
Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges by bonding and grounding equipment.
No smoking.

**Recommended equipment and procedures :**

For personal protection, see section 8.
Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.
Do not inhale vapours.
Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.
Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.
Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.
In all cases, recover emissions at source.
Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.
Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
Ensure good ventilation at the workplace

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.
Never open the packages under pressure.
Do not breathe fumes, vapour, spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store between - 5°C and 40°C in a dry, well ventilated place.
Only use hydrocarbon-resistant containers, joints and pipes.

**Storage**

Keep out of reach of children.
Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.
Keep away from food and drink, including those for animals.
Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.
Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.
Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits :**

- European Union (2022/431, 2019/1831, 2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE) :

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :
1330-20-7	221	50	442	100	Peau
100-41-4	442	100	884	200	Peau

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
1330-20-7	100 ppm	150 ppm	-	A4; BEI	-
100-41-4	20 ppm	-	-	A3; BEI	-

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 02/2022) :

CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes	-
1330-20-7	-	50 ppm 220 mg/m3	-	2(II)	-
100-41-4	-	20 ppm 88 mg/m3	-	2(II)	-

- France (INRS - Outils 65 / 2021-1849, 2021-1763, decree of 09/12/2021) :

CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
1330-20-7	50	221	100	442	VLRC	84,4 BIS
100-41-4	20	88.4	100	442	VLRC	84

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, Fourth Edition 2020) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
1330-20-7	50 ppm 220 mg/m3	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	-	Sk. BMGV	-
100-41-4	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	125 ppm 552 mg/m3	-	Sk	-

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, if possible with extractor fans at work posts and appropriate general extraction.
Personnel shall wear regularly laundered overalls.

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.
Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.
Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.
Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes
Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.
In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.
Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.
Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.
Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.
Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.
Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.
Wear suitable protective clothing.
Suitable type of protective clothing :
In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.
In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.
Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.
After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Avoid inhaling vapors.
If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.
When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.
Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387 :
- A1 (Brown)
- A3 (Brown)
Breathing apparatus only when aerosol or spray are formed.

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Physical state :	Fluid liquid.
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Colour

Color:	pale yellow
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Odour

Odour threshold :	Not stated.
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Melting point

Melting point/melting range :	Not relevant.
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Freezing point

Freezing point / Freezing range :	Not stated.
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Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Boiling point/boiling range :	Not relevant.
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Flammability

Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not stated.
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Lower and upper explosion limit

Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) :	0.6 vol %
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Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) :	7 vol %
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**Flash point**

Flash Point :	42.00 °C.
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**Auto-ignition temperature**

Self-ignition temperature :	Not relevant.
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**Decomposition temperature**

Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not relevant.
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**pH**

pH (aqueous solution) :	Not stated.
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pH :	Not relevant.
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**Kinematic viscosity**

Viscosity :	1.01 mm2/s à 40°C
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Viscosity:	v < 7 mm2/s (40°C)
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**Solubility**

Water solubility :	Insoluble.
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Fat solubility :	Not stated.
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**Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water :	Not stated.
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**Vapour pressure**

Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).
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**Density and/or relative density**

Density :	< 1
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**Relative vapour density**

Vapour density :	Not stated.
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**Particle characteristics**

The mixture does not contain nanoforms.

**9.2. Other information**

No data available.

**9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

No data available.

**9.2.2. Other safety characteristics**

No data available.

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1. Reactivity**

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- heating
- heat
- flames and hot surfaces

Keep away from heat and from sources of ignition

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants

Acids

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION



11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.
Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.
May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.
Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.
Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.
May cause severe damage to organs in the event of repeated or prolonged exposure.
Aspiration toxicity includes severe acute effects such as chemical pneumonia, varying degrees of pulmonary injury or death following aspiration.

11.1.1. Substances



Acute toxicity :

XYLENE (CAS: 1330-20-7)

Dermal route : LD50 = 1100 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Inhalation route (Vapours) : LC50 = 11 mg/l
Duration of exposure : 4 h

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)

Oral route : LD50 = 3500 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Species : Rat

Dermal route : LD50 = 15400 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Species : Rabbit

Inhalation route (Vapours) : LC50 = 17.2 mg/l
Species : Rat
Duration of exposure : 4 h

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS (CAS: 64742-48-9)

Oral route : LD50 > 8000 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Species : Rat

Dermal route : LD50 > 4000 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Species : Rat

Inhalation route (Vapours) : LC50 > 18.5 mg/l

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Oral route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg
Species : Rat
OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Dermal route : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg
Species : Rat

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) : LC50 > 5 mg/l
Species : Rat

11.1.2. Mixture

Skin corrosion/skin irritation :

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Serious damage to eyes/eye irritation :

Mild eye irritation

Aspiration hazard :

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Aspiration toxicity includes severe acute effects such as chemical pneumonia, varying degrees of pulmonary injury or death following aspiration.

"Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation of the respiratory system in very susceptible persons."

May cause lung damage if swallowed

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain any substance evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with effects on human health.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)

Algae toxicity :

ECr50 = 3.6 mg/l

Duration of exposure : 96 h

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS (CAS: 64742-48-9)

Fish toxicity :

LC50 > 1000 mg/l

Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss

Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity :

EC50 > 1000 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna

Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity :

ECr50 > 1000 mg/l

Species : Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure : 72 h

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Fish toxicity :

LC50 = 3.6 mg/l

Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss

Duration of exposure : 96 h

OCDE Ligne directrice 203 (Poisson, essai de toxicité aiguë)

Crustacean toxicity :

EC50 = 22 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna

Duration of exposure : 48 h

OCDE Ligne directrice 202 (Daphnia sp., essai d'immobilisation immédiate)

Algae toxicity :

ECr50 > 1000 mg/l

Species : Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Duration of exposure : 72 h

OCDE Ligne directrice 201 (Algues, Essai d'inhibition de la croissance)

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT (CAS: 64742-47-8)

Biodegradability :

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)

Biodegradability :

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS (CAS: 64742-48-9)

Biodegradability :

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Biodegradability :

no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not

degrading quickly.



12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.3.1. Substances

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS: 100-41-4)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log K_{ow} = 3.15

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not very mobile in soil.

The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the surface

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.



12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain any substance evaluated as an endocrine disruptor with environmental effects.



12.7. Other adverse effects

Do not dispose of the product in the natural environment, effluents or surface waters.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.



Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.



SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2022 [41-22] - ICAO/IATA 2024 [65]).



14.1. UN number or ID number

3295

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN3295=HYDROCARBONS, LIQUID, N.O.S.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



3

14.4. Packing group

III



14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material :



14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
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	3	F1	III	3	30	5 L	-	E1	3	D/E	
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregation		
	3	-	III	5 L	F-E. S-D	223	E1	Category A	-		
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ		
	3	-	III	355	60 L	366	220 L	A3 A324	E1		
	3	-	III	Y344	10 L	-	-	A3 A324	E1		

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(hydrocarbons, c9-c11, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics)

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2022/692 (ATP 18)

Container information:

Packaging to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings (see EC Regulation No. 1272/2008, Annex II, Part 3).

Containers to be fitted with a tactile warning of danger (see EC Regulation No. 1272/2008, Annex II, Part 3).

Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

<https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach>.

Explosives precursors :

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

Particular provisions :

No data available.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure .
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Abbreviations and acronyms :

LD50 : The dose of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given time period.

LC50 : The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

EC50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate

BW : Body Weight
STEL : Short-term exposure limit
TWA : Time Weighted Averages
TMP : French Occupational Illness table
TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)
AEV : Average Exposure Value.
VLRI : Indicative limit value
VLRC : Indicative constraint value
ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.
IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
IATA : International Air Transport Association.
ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation
RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.
WGK : Wassergefährdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).
GHS02 : Flame
GHS07 : Exclamation mark
GHS08 : Health hazard
GHS09 : Environment
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.
vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.
SVHC : Substances of very high concern.