

SAFETY DATA SHEET

5in1 Oil Stop Leak

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name

5in1 Oil Stop Leak

Product no. Unique formula identifier (UFI)
687020 8RPC-HYRN-U109-CC5E

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

Lubricant

Use descriptors (REACH)

| Product category | Description |
|------------------|--|
| PC24 | Lubricants, Greases and Release Products |

Uses advised against

No special

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company and address

Maumo International BV

P.O. Box 441
2990 AK Barendrecht
Netherlands
+31 (0)180 699 234
+31 (0)180 699 235
www.maumo.nl

Contact person

Product Safety Department

E-mail

info@maumo.nl

Revision

15/08/2022

SDS Version

1.0

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Contact The National Poisons Information Service (dial 111, 24 h service).

See section 4 "First aid measures".

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)

Not applicable

Signal word

Not applicable

Hazard statement(s)

Not applicable

Safety statement(s)

General

- Prevention

- Response

- Storage

- Disposal

Hazardous substances

No special

2.3. Other hazards

Additional labelling

EUH210, Safety data sheet available on request.

Additional warnings

This mixture/product does not contain any substances considered to meet the criteria classifying them as PBT and/or vPvB.

This product does not contain any substances considered to be endocrine disruptors in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

| Product/substance | Identifiers | % w/w | Classification | Note |
|--|--|---------|---------------------------------------|------|
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] | CAS No.: 64742-54-7 EC No.: 265-157-1 UK-REACH: Index No.: 649-467-00-8 | 95-100% | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | |
| 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate | CAS No.: 108-65-6 EC No.: 203-603-9 UK-REACH: | 5-10% | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 | [1] |

Index No.: 607-195-00-7

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

Other information

[1] European occupational exposure limit

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or casualty department – take the label or this safety data sheet. Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person water or other drink.

Inhalation

Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the respiratory tract: Bring the person into fresh air and stay with him/her.

Skin contact

Upon irritation: rinse with water. In the event of continued irritation, seek medical assistance.

Eye contact

Upon irritation of the eye: Remove contact lenses and open eyes widely. Flush eyes with water or saline water(20-30°C) for at least 5 minutes. Seek medical assistance and continue flushing during transport.

Ingestion

Provide plenty of water for the person to drink and stay with him/her. In case of malaise, seek medical advice immediately and bring the safety data sheet or label from the product. Do not induce vomiting, unless recommended by the doctor. Have the victim lean forward with head down to avoid inhalation of- or choking on vomited material.

Burns

Not applicable

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No special

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No special

Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters.

If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous decomposition compounds are produced. These are:

Carbon oxides (CO / CO₂).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire fighters should wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No specific requirements

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth to contain and collect non-combustible absorbent materials and place in container for disposal, according to local regulations.

To the extent possible cleaning is performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 on "Disposal considerations" in regard of handling of waste.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Recommended storage material

Keep only in original packaging.

Storage temperature

Dry, cool and well ventilated

Store out of direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

—
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 50

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 274

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 100

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 548

Annotations:

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin and lead to systemic toxicity.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002. SI 2002/2677 The Stationery Office 2002.
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020).

DNEL

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

| Duration | Route of exposure | DNEL |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| Long term – Systemic effects - General population | Dermal | 320 mg/kgbw/day |
| Long term – Systemic effects - Workers | Dermal | 796 mg/kgbw/day |

| | | |
|---|------------|-----------------------|
| Long term - Local effects - General population | Inhalation | 33 mg/m ³ |
| Long term - Systemic effects - General population | Inhalation | 33 mg/m ³ |
| Long term - Systemic effects - Workers | Inhalation | 275 mg/m ³ |
| Short term - Local effects - Workers | Inhalation | 550 mg/m ³ |
| Long term - Systemic effects - General population | Oral | 36 mg/kgbw/day |

PNEC

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

| Route of exposure | Duration of Exposure | PNEC |
|------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Freshwater | | 0,635 mg/L |
| Freshwater sediment | | 3,29 mg/kg |
| Intermittent release | | 6,35 mg/L |
| Marine water | | 0,0635 mg/L |
| Marine water sediment | | 0,329 mg/kg |
| Sewage treatment plant | | 100 mg/L |
| Soil | | 0,29 mg/kg |

8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

General recommendations

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

Exposure scenarios

There are no exposure scenarios implemented for this product.

Exposure limits

Professional users are subjected to the legally set maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational hygiene limit values above.

Appropriate technical measures

The formation of vapours must be kept at a minimum and below current limit values (see above). Installation of a local exhaust system if normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient is recommended. Ensure emergency eyewash and -showers are clearly marked.

Hygiene measures

In between use of the product and at the end of the working day all exposed areas of the body must be washed thoroughly. Always wash hands, forearms and face.

Measures to avoid environmental exposure

No specific requirements

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Generally

Use only UKCA marked protective equipment.

Respiratory Equipment

| Type | Class | Colour | Standards |
|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|-----------|
| No special when used as intended. | | | |

Skin protection

| Recommended | Type/Category | Standards | |
|---|---------------|-----------|---|
| Dedicated work clothing should be worn. | - | - |  |

Hand protection

| Material | Glove thickness (mm) | Breakthrough time (min.) | Standards | |
|----------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Nitrile | 0,38 | > 240 | EN374-2, EN374-3, EN388 |  |

Eye protection

| Type | Standards | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---|
| Safety glasses with side shields. | EN166 |  |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Liquid

Colour

Brown

Odour / Odour threshold

Characteristic

pH

Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Density (g/cm³)

0.8926 (20 °C)

Kinematic viscosity

588-700 mm²/s (40 °C)

Particle characteristics

Not applicable - product is a liquid

Phase changes

Melting point/Freezing point (°C)

No data available

Softening point/range (waxes and pastes) (°C)

Does not apply to liquids.

Boiling point (°C)

No data available

Vapour pressure

No data available

Relative vapour density

No data available

Decomposition temperature (°C)

No data available

Data on fire and explosion hazards

Flash point (°C)

223

Ignition (°C)

No data available

Auto flammability (°C)

No data available

Lower and upper explosion limit (% v/v)

No data available

Solubility

Solubility in water

Insoluble

n-octanol/water coefficient

No data available

Solubility in fat (g/L)

No data available

9.2. Other information

Evaporation rate (n-butylacetate = 100)

No data available

Other physical and chemical parameters

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No data available

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No special

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No special

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, and strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Product/substance | Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] |
| Test method | |
| Species | Rat |
| Route of exposure | Oral |
| Test | LD50 |
| Result | >5000 mg/kgbw |
| Other information | |

Other information

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Product/substance | Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the |
|-------------------|--|

presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Test method | |
| Species | Rabbit |
| Route of exposure | Dermal |
| Test | LD50 |
| Result | >5000 mg/kg |
| Other information | |
| Product/substance | Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] |
| Test method | |
| Species | Rat |
| Route of exposure | Inhalation |
| Test | LC50 |
| Result | 5,53 mg/L |
| Other information | |
| Product/substance | 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate |
| Test method | |
| Species | Rat |
| Route of exposure | Oral |
| Test | LD50 |
| Result | >5000 mg/kg |
| Other information | |
| Product/substance | 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate |
| Test method | |
| Species | Rabbit |
| Route of exposure | Dermal |
| Test | LD50 |
| Result | >5000 mg/kg |
| Other information | |
| Product/substance | 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate |
| Test method | |
| Species | Rat |
| Route of exposure | Inhalation |
| Test | LC50 |
| Result | >23,5 mg/L |
| Other information | |

Skin corrosion/irritation

| | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Product/substance | 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate |
| Test method | |
| Species | |
| Duration | |

Result Adverse effect observed (Slightly irritating)
Other information

Serious eye damage/irritation

Product/substance 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
Test method
Species
Duration
Result Adverse effect observed (Irritating)
Other information

Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Product/substance Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]
Test method
Species Rat
Route of exposure Oral
Target organ
Duration 90 days
Test LOAEL
Result 125 mg/kgbw
Conclusion
Other information

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Long term effects

No special

Endocrine disrupting properties

No special

Other information

No special

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Product/substance | Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] |
| Test method | |
| Species | Fish, <i>Pimephales promelas</i> |
| Compartment | |
| Duration | |
| Test | LC50 |
| Result | >100 mg/L |
| Other information | |
| Product/substance | Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] |
| Test method | |
| Species | Crustacean, <i>Daphnia magna</i> |
| Compartment | |
| Duration | |
| Test | EC50 |
| Result | >10000 mg/L |
| Other information | |
| Product/substance | Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] |
| Test method | |
| Species | Fish, <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> |
| Compartment | |
| Duration | |
| Test | NOEC |
| Result | 1000 mg/L |
| Other information | |
| Product/substance | Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] |
| Test method | |
| Species | Crustacean, <i>Daphnia magna</i> |
| Compartment | |
| Duration | |
| Test | NOEC |
| Result | 10 mg/L |
| Other information | |
| Product/substance | Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex |

| | |
|--|---|
| combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] | |
| Test method | |
| Species | Algae, <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> |
| Compartment | |
| Duration | |
| Test | NOEC |
| Result | >100 mg/L |
| Other information | |
| Product/substance | 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate |
| Test method | |
| Species | Fish, <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> |
| Compartment | |
| Duration | 96 hours |
| Test | LC50 |
| Result | 134 mg/L |
| Other information | |
| Product/substance | 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate |
| Test method | |
| Species | <i>Daphnia, Daphnia magna</i> |
| Compartment | |
| Duration | 48 hours |
| Test | EC50 |
| Result | 408 mg/L |
| Other information | |
| Product/substance | 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate |
| Test method | |
| Species | Algae, <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> |
| Compartment | |
| Duration | 72 hours |
| Test | IC50 |
| Result | >1000 mg/L |
| Other information | |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Product/substance | Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] |
| Biodegradable | No |
| Test method | OECD 301 F |
| Result | 31% 28 days |
| Product/substance | 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate |
| Biodegradable | Yes |

| | |
|-------------|---------------|
| Test method | |
| Result | 83% - 28 days |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Product/substance | 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate |
| Test method | |
| Potential bioaccumulation | No |
| LogPow | 1,2 |
| BCF | No data available |
| Other information | |

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances considered to meet the criteria classifying them as PBT and/or vPvB.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No special

12.7. Other adverse effects

No special

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product is not covered by regulations on dangerous waste.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.

EWC code

13 02 Waste engine, gear and lubricating oils

Specific labelling

Not applicable

Contaminated packing

Packaging containing residues of the product must be disposed of similarly to the product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | 14.1 UN / ID | 14.2 UN proper shipping name | 14.3 Hazard class(es) | 14.4 PG* | 14.5 Env** | Other information |
|------|--------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|------------|-------------------|
| ADR | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| IMDG | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| IATA | - | - | - | - | - | - |

* Packing group

** Environmental hazards

Additional information

Not dangerous goods according to ADR, IATA and IMDG.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Restrictions for application

Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate exposure, must be considered.

Demands for specific education

No specific requirements

SEVESO - Categories / dangerous substances

Not applicable

Additional information

Not applicable

Sources

The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 Regulations 2013.

Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 of 18 December 2014 on waste as retained and amended in UK law.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP) as retained and amended in UK law.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as retained and amended in UK law.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

H226, Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304, May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336, May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1

PC24 = Lubricants, Greases and Release Products

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CE = Conformité Européenne

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR = Chemical Safety Report

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ES = Exposure Scenario

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

EWC = European Waste Catalogue

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

According to EC-Regulation 1907/2006 (REACH), annex II, including changes implemented by EC-Regulation 2020/878

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SCL = A specific concentration limit
SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern
STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
TWA = Time weighted average
UN = United Nations
UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials
VOC = Volatile Organic Compound
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Additional information

Not applicable

The safety data sheet is validated by

Maumo

Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a blue triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product. Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

Country-language: GB-en